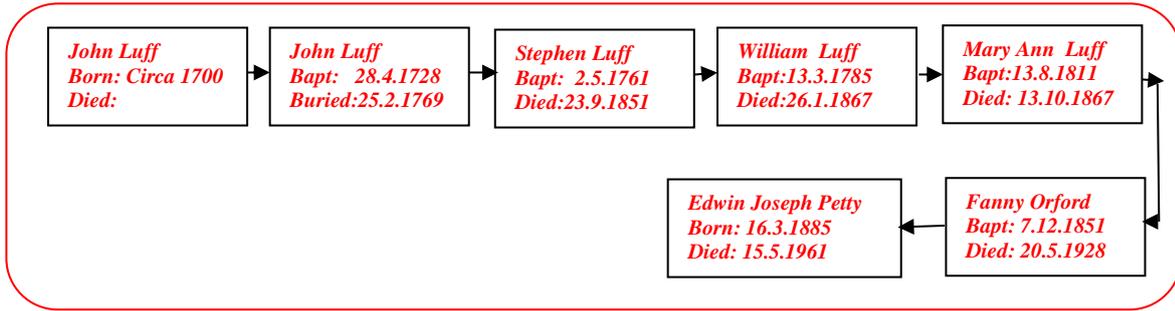


Nancy Georgina Fanny Petty 1922 - 2007

(The author's 3rd Cousin once removed)
web-site www.mike-jl.co.uk

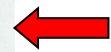
Family Lineage:



Nancy Georgina Fanny Petty was born in Belvedere, Kent on 27th April, 1922. She is the daughter of Edwin and Annie Petty. Nancy was baptised at All Saints Church, Belvedere on 4th June, 1922.

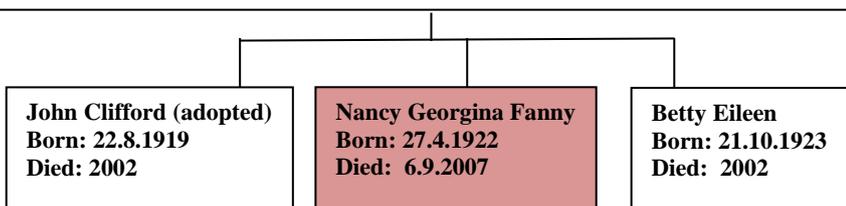
Page 26

BAPTISMS solemnized in the Parish of <i>Belvedere</i> in the County of <i>Kent</i> in the Year 1922						
When Baptized.	Child's Christian Name.	Parents Name.		Abode.	Quality, Trade, or Profession.	By whom the Ceremony was performed.
		Christian.	Surname.			
<i>When Born</i> 1922. March 12 th 1922	<i>May</i> 25 th	<i>Ernest</i> <i>Arthur</i>	<i>Edgar</i> <i>or</i> <i>Eva</i>	<i>Hill</i>	<i>28. Bamechurch Close Northumberland Heath</i> <i>Engineers</i> <i>Retiree</i>	<i>M Hartwright</i> <i>Vicar</i>
No. 201.						
<i>April</i> 20 th 1922	<i>May</i> 25 th	<i>Constance</i> <i>Dorothy</i>	<i>Thomas</i> <i>William</i> <i>and</i> <i>Florence</i> <i>Maud</i>	<i>Lanham</i>	<i>3. Hoddedon Road Belvedere</i> <i>Painter</i>	<i>M Hartwright</i> <i>Vicar</i>
No. 202.						
<i>April</i> 14 th 1922	<i>May</i> 28 th	<i>Samuel</i>	<i>Samuel</i> <i>and</i> <i>Selina</i>	<i>Cooper</i>	<i>Occupation R Belvedere</i> <i>Hawker</i>	<i>M Hartwright</i> <i>Vicar</i>
No. 203.						
<i>April</i> 27 th 1922	<i>June</i> 4 th	<i>Nancy</i> <i>Georgina</i> <i>Fanny</i>	<i>Edwin</i> <i>Joseph</i> <i>and</i> <i>Annie</i> <i>Elizabeth</i>	<i>Petty</i>	<i>30. Upper Crescent Belvedere</i> <i>Dairy</i> <i>Farmer</i>	<i>M Hartwright</i> <i>Vicar</i>
No. 204.						



Continued.....

Edwin Joseph Petty - married - Annie Elizabeth Dann on 16.10.1907 at St James', Westminster
 Born: 16.3.1885 Born: 15.11.1884
 Died: 15.5.1961 Died: 29.3.1949



The 1939 Registration Record shows Nancy living with her family at Crabtree Farm. The amendment made to the record shows she later married under the name of Barnett. Nancy is shown as being a clerk at a cable works.

ADDRESS.		SCHEDULE.		SURNAME AND OTHER NAMES.		O. V. S. P. or I.		M. or F.		BIRTH.		S. M. W. or D.		PERSONAL OCCUPATION.		See INSTRUCTIONS.	
1	2	No.	Sub. No.	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
1	Crabtree Farm 168	1		PETTY EDWIN J	M	16	Mar	85	M	General Farmer							
		2		PETTY ANNIE E	F	25	Nov	84	M	Unpaid Domestic							
		3		PETTY JOHN C	M	22	Aug	19	S	Asst. Farmer							
		4		PETTY NANCY S	F	27	Apr	22	S	Bank (Cable Works)							
		5		PETTY BETTY Eileen	F	21	Oct	23	S	Tulip Worker							

In December 1938 it was announced in the House of Commons that in the event of war, a National Register would be taken that listed the personal details of every civilian in Great Britain and Northern Ireland. This Register was to be a critical tool in coordinating the war effort at home. It would be used to issue identity cards, organise rationing and more.

On September 1st, 1939 Germany invaded Poland, putting the wheels in motion for Britain to declare war on the 3rd. On September 5th, the National Registration Act received royal assent and Registrar General Sir Sylvanus Vivian announced that National Registration Day would be September 29th. Having issued forms to more than 41 million people, the enumerators were charged with the task of visiting every household in Great Britain and Northern Ireland to collect the names, addresses, marital statuses and other key details of every civilian in the country, issuing identity cards on the spot.

The identity cards issued were essential items from the point the Register was taken right up until 1952, when the legal requirement to carry them ceased. Until that point, every member of the civilian population had to be able to present their card upon request by an official (children's cards were looked after by parents), or bring them to a police station within 48 hours. The reasons were numerous – it was essential to know who everyone was, of course, and to track their movements as they moved house, as well as to keep track of the population as babies were born and people passed away. The 1939 Register, then, represents one of the most important documents in 20th century Britain. The information it contains not only helped toward the war effort, it was also used in the founding of the NHS.

In addition, the 1931 census was destroyed during an air raid on London and the 1941 census was never taken. The 1939 Register is therefore the only surviving overview of the civil population of England and Wales spanning the period 1921-1951. It bridges a census gap that risked losing an entire generation, and is a fascinating resource for anyone interested in understanding 20th century Britain and its people.

Nancy Georgina Fanny Petty married George J Barnett in Dartford in January 1942.

Nancy's mother, Annie, died on 29th March, 1949, she was 64.

Nancy's father, Edwin, died on 15th May, 1961 he was 76. He left £1,685 in his estate to Nancy and John Clifford Petty his adopted son.

PETTY Edwin Joseph of 54 Hurlingham Road Bexleyheath Kent died 15 May 1961 at 28 Castleton Avenue Barnehurst Kent Probate London 25 July to Nancy Barnett married woman and John Clifford Petty storekeeper. Effects £1685 5s. 7d.

Continued....

Nancy Barnett died on 6th September, 2007. The death registered in Canterbury in Kent.

I have been unable to establish if there were any children from her marriage.